

Our Principles of Fair Software Licensing

Backed by tech decision makers.

The Coalition for Fair Software Licensing and its Principles represent an opportunity to ensure that the digital economy remains competitive and fair. Earlier this year, a nationwide survey conducted by Morning Consult, polled more than 250 c-suite technology executives and directors ("tech decision makers"), assessing industry support for the Principles as well as the impact software licensing practices have on organizations' cloud strategies.

These Principles, whose adoption is overwhelmingly supported by 90 percent of tech decision makers, will serve as a blueprint for preserving choice and transparency throughout the digital transformation process.

Outlined below, they serve as best practices for licensing of cloud-adjacent software, ensuring continued growth of, and access to, vibrant cloud services.

Licensing terms should be clear and intelligible.

licensing terms should be explicitly clear





previously purchased software to the cloud.

Freedom to bring

88%

companies should be able to bring previously purchased software to the cloud

of tech decision makers agree

Freedom to run on-premises software on the cloud provider of choice

89%

should have the ability to run their on-premises software on the cloud of their choice





through the efficient use of hardware nearly two-thirds

Costs should be reduced

terms reduce the ability to take advantage of alternative services that would lower overall IT costs

of tech decision makers say restrictive software licensing

84% of tech decision makers agree that software vendors should be prohibited from penalizing customers who use those vendors' software on other providers' cloud offerings

Freedom from retaliation

for choice of cloud

service provider





nearly half

two in five tech decision makers believe that licensing terms are limiting their ability to take advantage of a multi-cloud strategy

Avoiding customer lock-in

through interoperable

directory software

of tech decision makers have experienced increased licensing costs associated with running software on third-party cloud providers



Licenses should cover reasonably expected

or failure to include reasonably expected terms

one in three

changes to the scope of licenses, such as

tech decision makers have experienced unexpected

misleading terms, out-of-contract license changes,

software uses half of tech decision makers have needed to repurchase licenses

for cloud-based use



